



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

*Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.***SMALLPOX—Continued.**

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Russia:				
Moscow.....	Nov. 26-Dec. 24...	57	27	
Odessa.....	Dec. 3-Dec. 31...	11	2	
St. Petersburg.....	Dec. 3-Dec. 31...	1	1	
Warsaw.....	Nov. 26-Dec. 31...	15	3	
Turkey:				
Constantinople.....	Dec. 12-Jan. 2...	.....	45	
Smyrna.....	Dec. 4-Dec. 24...	.....	7	

*Current quarantine measures.*

[Translated in this Bureau from the "Veröffentlichungen des Kaiserlichen Gesundheitsamtes," Berlin, December 29, 1898, and January 4, 1899.]

**ITALY.**—In view of the epidemic of plague now prevailing in Madras and on the Island of Madagascar, the ministry of the interior has issued maritime sanitary order No. 3, putting in force the sanitary police regulations of May 8 and July 15 of last year, in regard to arrivals from the localities named.

**EGYPT.**—Since November 5 the following regulations have been enforced with regard to plague-infected vessels arriving at night: When a vessel arrives after sunset the quarantine director at Suez shall place 2 sanitary guards on board to see that there is no communication between the ship and the land. If the vessel arrives after 2 o'clock in the morning, 1 sanitary guard shall perform this duty. The watchboat shall, as formerly, patrol the harbor.

**Zanzibar.**—By order of December 1, 1898, quarantine is ordered for all vessels arriving from Madagascar. Said vessels shall anchor at a place designated by the harbor authorities and hold no communication of any sort with the land or with other ships. The mail shall be delivered to the sanitary officers and shall be thoroughly disinfected by them. The freight for Zanzibar shall be transferred to lighters under conditions arranged to prevent contact with the crew of the vessel. Should such contact occur the persons concerned shall be isolated at the expense of the vessel. The landing of the cargo shall be conducted under supervision of the sanitary officials or their representatives. In no case shall the landing of the cargo be begun until the expiration of 10 days. The same regulation shall hold good with regard to the taking on of cargo in Zanzibar. Passengers for Zanzibar with their effects shall be landed only at certain designated places.

**Mozambique.**—No vessel arriving from Madagascar shall be allowed to land at the port of Lorenzo Marques or hold communication with the land.

*Plague in Madagascar.*

[Translated in this Bureau from the "Veröffentlichungen des Kaiserlichen Gesundheitsamtes," Berlin, December 29, 1898.]

According to advices of December 16, the outbreak of plague has, up to the present time, been restricted within the locality in which it appeared. From the beginning of the epidemic to December 11, inclu-